# **ASMT-QxBC-Nxxxx**

Super 0.5W Power PLCC-4
Surface Mount LED Indicator



# **Data Sheet**





## **Description**

The Super 0.5W Power PLCC-4 SMT LED is Blue mid-Power PLCC-4 SMT LEDs using InGaN chip technology. The package can be driven at high current due to its superior package design. The product is able to dissipate the heat more efficiently compared to the Power PLCC-4 SMT LEDs. These LEDs produce higher light output with better flux performance compared to the Power PLCC-4 SMT LED.

The Super 0.5W Power PLCC-4 SMT LEDs are designed for higher reliability, better performance, and operate under a wide range of environmental conditions. The performance characteristics of these new mid-power LEDs make them uniquely suitable for use in harsh conditions such as in automotive applications, and in electronics signs and signals.

To facilitate easy pick and place assembly, the LEDs are packed in EIA-compliant tape and reel. Every reel is shipped in single intensity and color bin, to provide close uniformity.

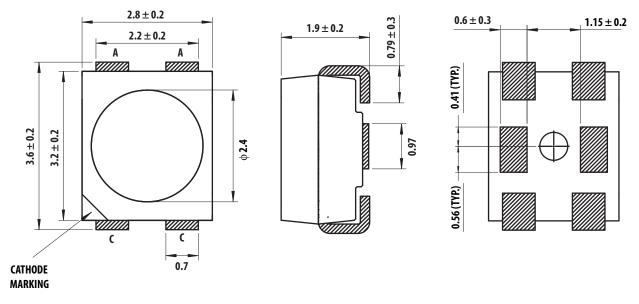
#### **Features**

- Industry Standard PLCC 4 platform (3.2x2.8x1.9mm)
- High reliability package with enhanced silicone resin encapsulation
- High brightness with optimum flux performance using InGaN chip technologies
- Available in Blue color
- Available in 8mm carrier tape & 7 inch reel
- Low Thermal Resistance 40°C/W
- Wide viewing angle at 120 degree
- JEDEC MSL 2

## **Applications**

- 1. Electronic signs and signals
  - a. Decorative/Advertising Lighting
  - b. Channel Lettering
  - c. Signs Luminaire
  - d. RGB Backlighting

## **Package Drawing**



#### Notes:

- 1. All Dimensions in millimeters.
- 2. Lead Polarity as shown in Figure 13.
- 3. Terminal Finish: Ag plating
- 4. Encapsulation material: Silicone resin

Figure 1. Package Drawing

Table 1. Device Selection Guide  $(T_J = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

		Luminous Flux, $\Phi_{V}^{[1]}$ (lm)				
Color	Part Number	Min. Flux (Im)	Typ. Flux (lm)	Max. Flux (Im)	Test Current (mA)	Dice Technology
Blue	ASMT-QBBC-NACxE	4.3	7.0	9.0	150	InGaN

#### Notes

- 1.  $\Phi_V$  is the total luminous flux output as measured with an integrating sphere at mono pulse conditions.
- 2. Tolerance =  $\pm 12\%$

# **Part Numbering System**

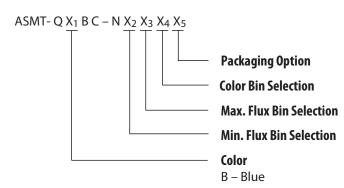


Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_A = 25$ °C)

Parameters	ASMT-QxBC-Nxxxx	
DC Forward Current [1]	150 mA	
Peak Forward Current [2]	300 mA	
Power Dissipation	570 mW	
Reverse Voltage, V <sub>R</sub> @ 10 μA	4	
Junction Temperature	125°C	
Operating Temperature	-40°C to +120°C	
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +120°C	

#### Notes:

- 1. Derate Linearly as shown in Figure 6.
- 2. Duty Factor = 10%, Frequency = 1kHz

Table 3. Optical Characteristics ( $T_J = 25$ °C)

		Dice	Peak Wavelength λ <sub>PEAK</sub> (nm)	Dominant Wavelength $\lambda_{D}$ (nm)	Viewing Angle 20½ <sup>[1]</sup> (Degrees)	Luminous Efficiency ηe (lm/W)	Total Flux / Luminous Intensity $\Phi_{ m V}$ (Im) / I $_{ m V}$ (cd)
Color	Part Number	Technology	Тур.	Тур.	Тур.	Тур.	Тур.
Blue	ASMT-QBBC-Nxxxx	InGaN	458.0	464.0	120	10	2.70

## Notes:

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J = 25$ °C)

	Forward Vo V <sub>F</sub> (Volts)	Thermal Resistance	
Part Number	Typ.	Max.	$R\theta_{J-P}$ (°C/W)
ASMT-QBBC-NxxxE	3.4	3.8	40

<sup>1.</sup>  $\,\,\theta \%$  is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is % the peak intensity.

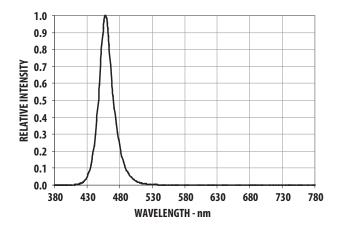


Figure 2. Relative Intensity Vs. Wavelength

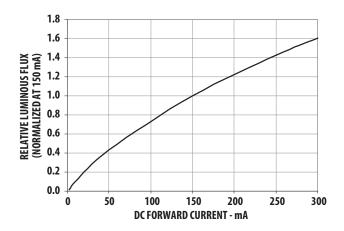


Figure 4. Relative Flux vs. Forward Current

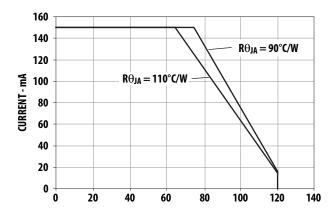


Figure 6a. Maximum Forward Current Vs. Ambient Temperature. Derated Based on  $T_{JMAX}=125^{\circ}C$ ,  $R\theta_{J-A}=110^{\circ}C/W$  &  $90^{\circ}C/W$ .

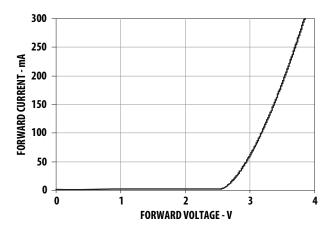


Figure 3. Forward Current Vs. Forward Voltage.

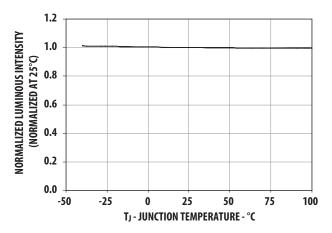


Figure 5. Relative Flux Vs. Temperature

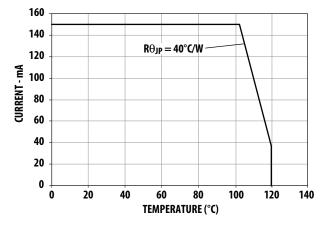


Figure 6b. Maximum Forward Current Vs. Solder Point Temperature. Derated Based on  $T_{JMAX}=125\,^{\circ}$  C,  $R\theta_{J-P}=40\,^{\circ}$  C/W.

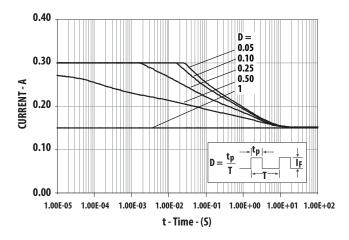


Figure 7a. Maximum Pulse Current Vs. Ambient Temperature. Derated Based on  $T_A=25^\circ C,\,R\theta_{J-A}=110^\circ C/W.$ 

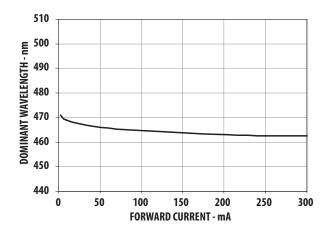


Figure 8. Chromaticity Shift Vs. Forward Current

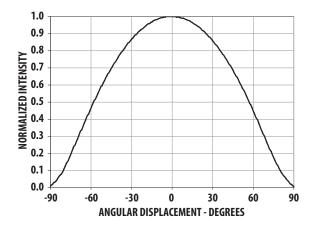


Figure 10. Radiation Pattern

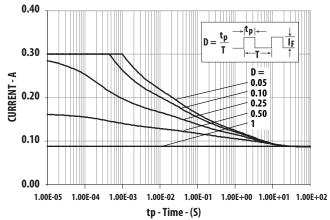


Figure 7b. Maximum Pulse Current Vs. Ambient Temperature. Derated Based on  $T_A=85^\circ C,\,R\theta_{J\text{-}A}=110^\circ C/W$  .

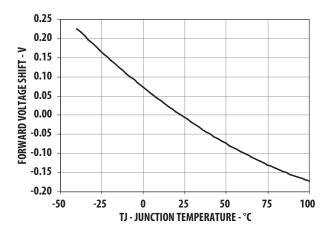
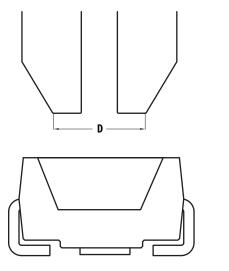
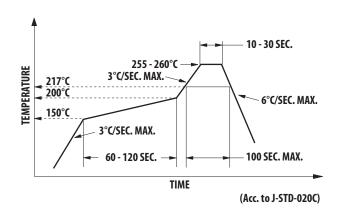


Figure 9. Forward Voltage Shift Vs. Temperature.



Note: Diameter "D" should be smaller than 2.2mm

Figure 11. Recommended Pick and Place Nozzle Size



Note: For detail information on reflow soldering of Avago surface mount LEDs, do refer to Avago Application Note AN 1060 Surface Mounting SMT LED Indicator Components.

Figure 12. Recommended Pb-free Reflow Soldering Profile

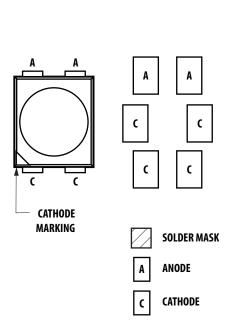
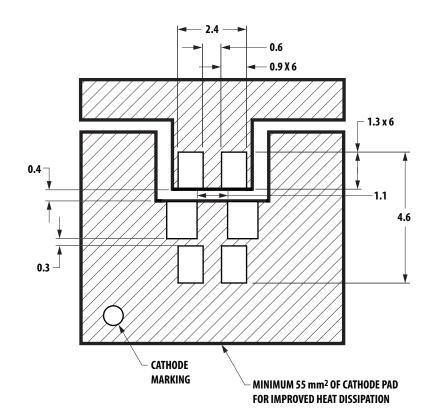


Figure 13. Recommended Soldering Pad Pattern



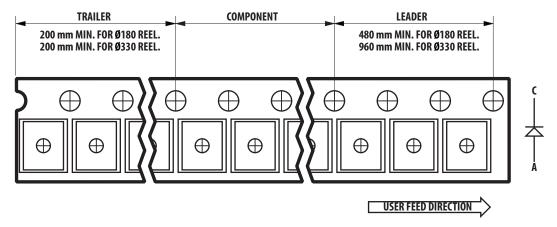


Figure 14. Tape Leader and Trailer Dimensions

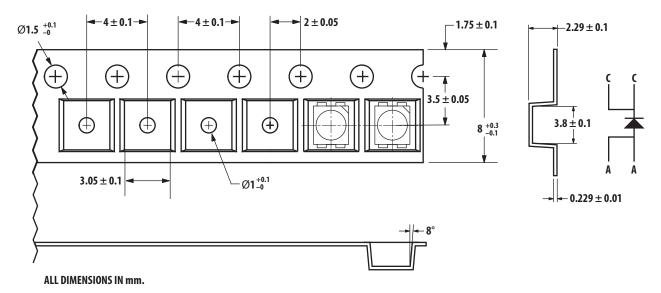


Figure 15. Tape Dimensions

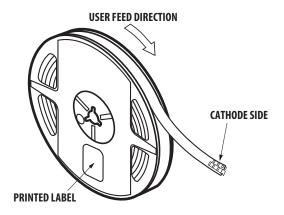


Figure 16. Reeling Orientation

# Device Color (X<sub>1</sub>)

## Flux Bin Select (X<sub>2</sub>X<sub>3</sub>)

Individual reel will contain parts from one bin only

X <sub>2</sub>	Min Flux Bin
Х <sub>3</sub>	Max Flux Bin

## **Flux Bin Limits**

Bin ID	Min. (lm)	Max. (Im)
0	3.40	4.30
Α	4.30	5.50
В	5.50	7.00
С	7.00	9.00
D	9.00	11.50
Е	11.50	15.00
F	15.00	19.50
G	19.50	25.50
Н	25.50	33.00
J	33.00	43.00
K	43.00	56.00
L	56.00	73.00

Tolerance of each bin limit =  $\pm 12\%$ 

## Color Bin Select (X4)

Individual reel will contain parts from one full bin only.

X4	
0	Full Distribution
Α	1 and 2 only
В	2 and 3 only
С	3 and 4 only
G	1, 2 and 3 only
Н	2, 3 and 4 only
Z	Special binning

## **Color Bin Limits**

Blue	Min. (nm)	Max. (nm)
1	460.0	465.0
2	465.0	470.0
3	470.0	475.0
4	475.0	480.0

Tolerance of each bin limit =  $\pm 1$  nm

# $V_F\ Bin\ Limits$

Bin ID	Min.	Max.	
S4	2.90	3.20	
S5	3.20	3.50	
S6	3.50	3.80	

Tolerance of each bin limit =  $\pm 0.1$ V

## Packaging Option (X<sub>5</sub>)

Option	Test Current	Package Type	Reel Size
E	150mA	Top Mount	7 Inch

## **Handling Precaution**

The encapsulation material of the product is made of silicone for better reliability of the product. As silicone is a soft material, please do not press on the silicone or poke a sharp object onto the silicone. These might damage the product and cause premature failure. During assembly or handling, the unit should be held on the body only. Please refer to Avago Application Note AN 5288 for detail information.

#### **Moisture Sensitivity**

This product is qualified as Moisture Sensitive Level 2 per Jedec J-STD-020. Precautions when handling this moisture sensitive product is important to ensure the reliability of the product. Do refer to Avago Application Note AN5305 Handling of Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices for details.

### A. Storage before use

- Unopen moisture barrier bag (MBB) can be stored at <40°C/90%RH for 12 months. If the actual shelf life has
  exceeded 12 months and the HIC indicates that baking is not required, then it is safe to reflow the LEDs per the
  original MSL rating.</li>
- It is not recommended to open the MBB prior to assembly (e.g. for IQC).
- B. Control after opening the MBB
  - The humidity indicator card (HIC) shall be read immediately upon opening of MBB.
  - The LEDs must be kept at <30°C / 60%RH at all time and all high temperature related process including soldering, curing or rework need to be completed within 1 year.
- C. Control for unfinished reel
  - For any unuse LEDs, they need to be stored in sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at <5%RH.</li>
- D. Control of assembly boards
  - If the PCB soldered with the LEDs is to be subjected to other high temperature processes, the PCB need to be stored in sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at <5%RH to ensure no LEDs have exceeded their floor life of 1 year.
- E. Baking is required if
  - "60%" HIC indicator is NOT Green.
  - The LEDs are exposed to condition of >30°C/60% RH at any time.
  - The LEDs floor life exceeded 1 year.

Recommended baking condition: 60±5°C for 20 hours.

