



RoHS

# Ni1000SOT

**Temperature Sensor** 

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

- Contact temperature sensing
- Comply with former DIN 43760 standard
- Small SMD package SOT 23
- Automotive qualified

Ni1000SOT is a nickel thin film resistance temperature detector (RTD) that is suitable for use in contact temperature sensing.

The devices are manufactured by PVD-deposition on a silicon substrate. The thin film structure is covered by a passivation layer for environmental protection and enhanced stability. The nickel elements are mounted on lead frames and encapsulated in SOT23 packages. This technology allows the production of miniature, low cost, high precision temperature sensors.

The characteristics of the temperature sensor comply with the former DIN 43760 standard. It is qualified for the most demanding automotive applications (incl. exposure to hot oil) and is suitable for many more applications in harsh environments

# FEATURES

- Resistance: 1000 ohms at 0°C
- Min/ Max temp -55°C to +160°C
- Good linearity between resistance and temperature (R V's T)
- Large temperature coefficient of resistance: 6178 ppm/K (0°C, 100°C)
- Low power consumption
- Good thermal contact via Pin 3
- Tape and reel (8mm format)

# **APPLICATIONS**

- Temperature sensing, control and compensation
- General instrumentation
- Automotive (VW standard 801-01 vibration)
- Remote sensing

# PERFORMANCE SPECS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Basic resistance	Ro	0°C	997,81	1000	1002,20	Ω
Temperature coefficient of resistance (according to DIN 43760, see below)	TCR	0°C to +100°C	6100	6178	6240	ppm/K
Measurement current	1			0.2	5	mA
Self heating coefficient	EK	+23 °C, still air	1.4	1.7	2	mW/K
Operation temperature	Top		-55		+160	°C
Maximum resistance drift	ΔR	1000h@150°C		0.1		%
Storage temperature	Tst		-55		+160	°C
ESD resistant		MIL 883E3015.7		Class 1		

### SELF HEATING EFFECT

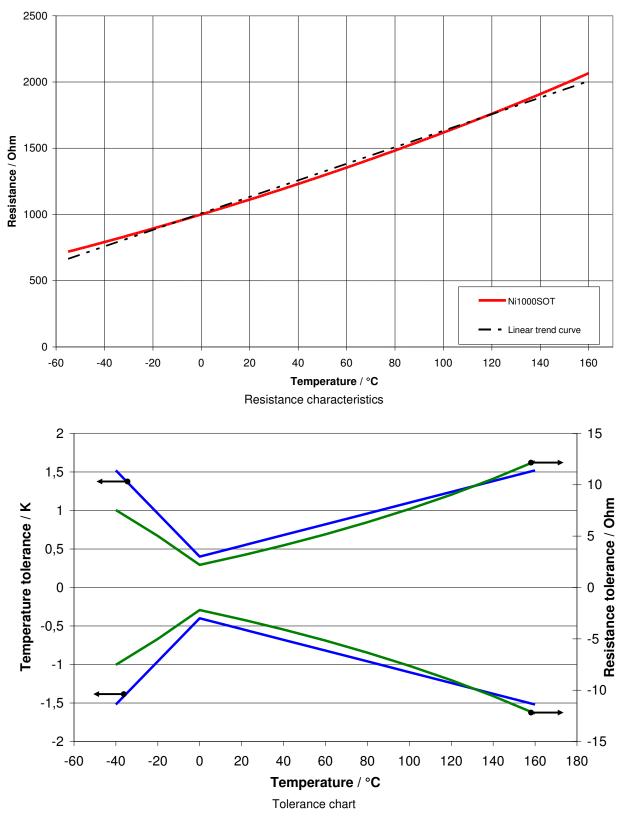
For accurate temperature measurement it is recommended to choose a small current to avoid self heating of the nickel sensing element. The temperature error caused by excessive measurement current can be calculated using:  $\Delta T = P/EK$ 

where  $P = I^2 \cdot R$  is the power generated by the measurement current and EK is the self heating coefficient.

### PACKAGE INFORMATION

Parameter	Condition	Тур.	Unit
Package		SOT23	
Soldering	Reflow to + 260°C	96Sn4Ag	
Packing units		13" (330 mm) / 10000	Reel Size / # of sensors
Package marking		Three Digit code: "1" + "XX", where "XX" is the revision.	





# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC

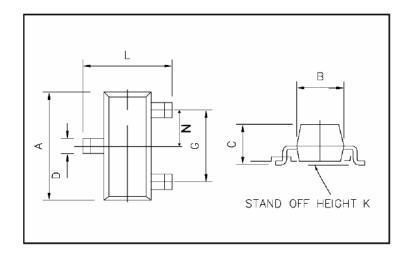
The characteristic of the nickel temperature sensor is specified as per DIN 43760. The large Temperature Coefficient of Resistance (TCR) of the Ni-RTD, 6178 ppm/K, offers greater sensitivity than other types of RTD's. The electrical characteristic can be described by the following equation:

#### $R(T) = R_0 (1+aT+bT^2+cT^4+dT^6)$

		Coeffi	cients:	b c	= 6.6 = 2.8	485 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> 650 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> 805 x 10 <sup>-11</sup> .000 x 10 <sup>-1</sup>					
	$T(R) = a' + b'(1 + c'R)^{\frac{1}{2}} + d'R^{5} + e'R^{7} \qquad dT < 0.12 \text{ K (higher order equations on request)}$							)			
		Coeffi	cients:	b c d	( = - 412.6 ( = 140.41 ( = 0.0076 ( = - 6.25 ( = -1.25 )	64 x 10 <sup>-17</sup>					
Toler	ances	:	Class B		(0.4+0.0) (0.4+0.0)	1 17		-	°C to +16 55°C to 0		
	T/°C	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	-60	695.2	699.9	704.6	709.3	714.0	718.7	723.4	728.2	733.0	737.8
	-50	742.6	747.4	752.2	757.0	761.9	766.8	771.6	776.5	781.4	786.4
	-40	791.3	796.3	801.2	806.2	811.2	816.2	821.2	826.3	831.3	836.4
	-30	841.5	846.5	851.7	856.8	861.9	867.0	872.2	877.4	882.6	887.8
	-20	893.0	898.2	903.4	908.7	913.9	919.2	924.5	929.8	935.1	940.5
	-10	945.8	951.2	956.5	961.9	967.3	972.7	978.2	983.6	989.1	994.5
	0	1000.0	1005.5	1011.0	1016.5	1022.0	1027.6	1033.1	1038.7	1044.3	1049.9
	10	1055.5	1061.1	1066.8	1072.4	1078.1	1083.8	1089.5	1095.2	1100.9	1106.6
	20	1112.4	1118.1	1123.9	1129.7	1135.5	1141.3	1147.1	1153.0	1158.8	1164.7
	30	1170.6	1176.5	1182.4	1188.3	1194.2	1200.2	1206.1	1212.1	1218.1	1224.1
	40	1230.1	1236.1	1242.2	1248.2	1254.3	1260.4	1266.5	1272.6	1278.8	1284.9
	50	1291.1	1297.2	1303.4	1309.6	1315.8	1322.0	1328.3	1334.5	1340.8	1347.1
	60	1353.4	1359.7	1366.0	1372.4	1378.7	1385.1	1391.5	1397.9	1404.3	1410.8
	70	1417.2	1423.7	1430.1	1436.6	1443.1	1449.7	1456.2	1462.8	1469.3	1475.9
	80	1482.5	1489.1	1495.7	1502.4	1509.1	1515.7	1522.4	1529.1	1535.9	1542.6
	90	1549.3	1556.1	1562.9	1569.7	1576.5	1583.4	1590.2	1597.1	1604.0	1610.9
	100	1617.8	1624.7	1631.7	1638.6	1645.6	1652.6	1659.6	1666.7	1673.7	1680.8
	110	1687.9	1695.0	1702.1	1709.3	1716.4	1723.6	1730.8	1738.0	1745.2	1752.5
	120	1759.7	1767.0	1774.3	1781.6	1788.9	1796.3	1803.7	1811.1	1818.5	1825.9
	130	1833.3	1840.8	1848.3	1855.8	1863.3	1870.9	1878.4	1886.0	1893.6	1901.2
	140	1908.9	1916.5	1924.2	1931.9	1939.6	1947.4 2025 0	1955.1	1962.9	1970.7	1978.5
	150	1986.3	1994.2	2002.1	2010.0	2017.9	2025.9	2033.8	2041.8	2049.8	2057.8
	160	2065.9	2074.0	2082.1	2090.2	2098.3	2106.5	2114.6	2122.8	2131.1	2139.3

# MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS SOT23



DIM	Millin	neters	Inc	hes	
	Min	Min Max		Max	
Α	2.67	3.05	0.1051	0.1201	
В	1.20	1.40	0.0472	0.0551	
С	0.89	1.12	0.0350	0.0441	
D	0.37	0.53	0.0146	0.0209	
G	1.78	2.05	0.0701	0.0807	
К	0.01	0.10	0.0004	0.0039	
L	2.10	2.64	0.0827	0.1039	
Ν	0.89	1.03	0.0350	0.0406	

#### **PIN DIMENSIONS**

Dimension	Millir	neters	Inches		
Dimension	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Pin Thickness	0.085	0.18	0.0033	0.0071	

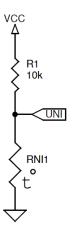
#### CONNECTIONS

Top view:	Pin # 1	Nickel RTD electrical contact
	Pin # 2	Nickel RTD electrical contact
	Pin # 3	Electrically isolated thermal contact

# **APPLICATION NOTE 1**

#### Analogue Interface Circuit for general purpose measurement

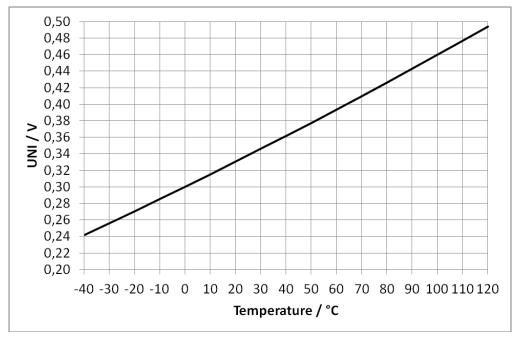
The following voltage dividing circuit can be used for low accuracy measurements. There is no linearization given.



Example of voltage dividing circuit using Ni1000SOT sensor

The output voltage will be calculated by the following equation:

#### UNI = RNI1/(R1+RNI1)·VCC

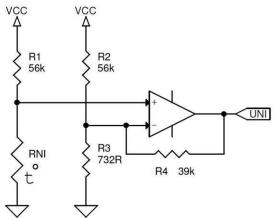


Output voltage characteristics with VCC = 3.3V

# **APPLICATION NOTE 2**

#### Analogue Interface Circuit for high accuracy measurement

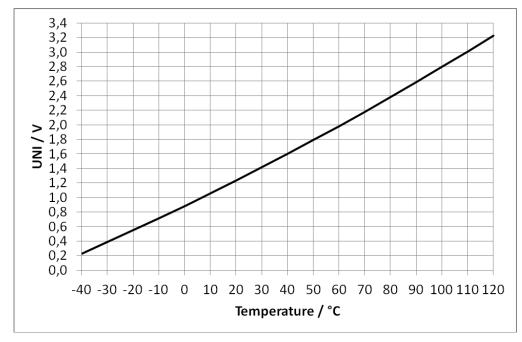
The following circuitry utilizes the output of a bridge circuitry which is amplified in order to improve the measurement resolution. By bridging RNI with an optional 3.65kOhm resistor this circuitry can be linearized.



Example of analog interface circuit for high accuracy measurement using Ni1000SOT sensor

The output voltage will be calculated by the following equation:





Output voltage characteristics with VCC = 3.3V

#### ORDER INFORMATION

Please order this product using following:	
Part Number	Part Description
G-NICO-001	Ni1000SOT

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